

PARASITE ELIMINATION USING THE ELECTRIC CARBON ARC LAMP

A century-old technology and health treatment, utilising high-energy, full-spectrum vibratory light, is being employed to destroy nasty parasites including tapeworms.

by Carmi B. Hazen © 2006

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Radiant energy was used extensively in medicine around the beginning of the 20th century with the advent of Finsen's filtered ultraviolet carbon arc lamp, for which Niels Finsen received the 1903 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. Clinics popped up throughout Europe that treated rickets, tuberculosis and a host of other diseases successfully by way of precisely timed exposures to outdoor sunlight and indoor broad-spectrum light produced by the electric carbon arc lamp and, later, the narrow-spectrum mercury vapour UV light emitters.

Up until about 1935, carbon arc lamps and mercury vapour lamps were in wide use throughout the medical community because of the unique ability of light to create changes in the chemistry of the body fluids which stimulate the immune system, thus producing a powerful pathogen-devitalising environment. The effects were not just topical; the lamps created responses deep inside the body, far away from the points of initial illumination. Many diseases responded well to the treatments without the dangerous side effects of the poisonous, chemical-based drugs that were soon to follow on the timeline of medical evolution. As medicine became organised as a result of the powers of the emerging pharmaceutical industry with its new sulphur-based drugs, the use of illuminative radiant energy in the treatment of disease quickly disappeared from the medical scene.

The energy technology of radiant light illumination was far more effective than the chemical drugs but not as profitable, hence *actinotherapy*, as it was called, rapidly fell out of use. With the advent of medical licensing and the subsequent threat of de-certification, physicians who continued to use the proven technology risked losing their licence to practise medicine, hence the reason why full-spectrum light treatments are not widely used today and why few practitioners have ever heard of this remarkable healing technology. Doctors of today are clueless about this technology; if told of it, they would likely balk at it and dismiss it as quackery. Nothing, however, could be further from the truth. This technology is an important relic of medical history, and these doctors would be awestruck to learn of the extensive healing potency it provided. Yet, by the ordained decree of medical politics, this energy technology remains a taboo in the profession and thus beyond reach.

The public has been conditioned to believe that somehow energies from the Sun or its approximates is somehow dangerous and that such exposures should be limited or avoided altogether. However, this fear of nature is a recent occurrence which parallels the expansion of information technologies and mass advertising. Protective clothing, lotions and eyewear of uncountable varieties have all been the result of clever advertising for the purpose of making money for the manufacturers, not to mention for the relatively new class of doctors who specialise specifically in dermatology. If the truth be known that sunlight is good for us and lack of it is harmful, sales would not be nearly as brisk as they now are and many practitioners would be forced to learn a new medical speciality.

When the baby-boomer generation was growing up, we never heard of such a preposterous assumption that sunlight was bad for us and we ran around half naked and without sun-blocking our skin with oils—which, at that time, had no light-filtering capabilities. Can you recall anyone you knew developing skin cancer? Or any cancer for that matter? It's true that the incidence of skin cancer, as well as other forms of cancer, has been on a marked increase over the last half-century, but to blame it on the Sun is ridiculous.

Mankind would never have made it this far if the Sun were harmful. The theory about the ozone layer, with its supposed increase in UV transmissions, has not yet been proven satisfactorily. People lived outdoors for thousands of years in sunlight without the aid of sunglasses, and there is no evidence in written history of mass blindness or outbreaks of skin cancer as a result. Animals don't run around wearing sunglasses and their vision appears to be just fine. Nor has it been adequately demonstrated that the Sun's rays are the true cause of skin cancer. Many informed researchers believe that skin cancer results from internal chemical pollution that is exacerbated by exposure to the UV rays, the energy being a catalyst in a chemical reaction.

This is yet another area in which medical science pontificates without conducting its favourite double-blind studies. Incidentally, these studies cannot be "blind", as researchers and participants can easily tell in most cases if the methods being tried have any effects during the course of the study. Often the published observations are contrary to the results of the studies because some vested interest funded them. No study so far has ever proved God to be wrong. Man, on the other hand...

Melanomas occur more often in indoor workers than outdoor workers, and the lesions often appear in areas never subjected to the influences of light exposure. Vitamin D, which is made in the skin from ergosterol, is vital in keeping cancers at bay; people who do not get enough light exposure have a significantly greater amount of cancer than those who remain active out of doors and produce the necessary amounts of vitamin D as a result.

Dr John N. Ott reports in his classic *Health and Light* (1976) that many cases of disease, including cancers and tuberculosis (TB), rapidly cleared up when patients stopped using sunglasses and exposed themselves to unfiltered sunlight several hours per day. European tuberculosis clinics in the Swiss Alps used sun solariums extensively for the treatment of TB.

Dr Auguste Rollier, author of *Heliotherapy* (1923) and among the most famous practitioners of the time, pioneered the use of sunlight in the treatment of numerous diseases, having developed measurable scientific methods that were quickly adopted worldwide. The carbon arc lamp was chosen because its frequency spectrum is very close to that of natural sunlight; it could be used indoors regardless of weather conditions, and exposures could be gauged more accurately. Dr Rollier's clinic was opened in 1903 in Leysin, Switzerland. The facilities became the American College of Switzerland in the early 1950s.¹

CLEARING PARASITES

A major secret to health is to eliminate the abundance of organisms that live in the digestive tract in about 95 per cent of the world's population, excreting poisonous toxins that osmotically pass into the body fluids and thus contaminate the internal environment, triggering the onset of disease of many varieties.

Intestinal cleansing forms of personal hygiene (removal of the parasites and accumulated impacted waste) are rarely practised in the United States and slightly more so in Europe. Hollywood movie actors are an exception, as the majority of them are devout practitioners of colonic irrigation to maintain their physical appearance and their desire to remain disease free.

There are other less-intrusive methods to remove the parasites, such as the use of Homozon and various herbal concoctions, but few cleansing methods adequately deal with the tapeworm.

Homozon, developed by Dr Eugene Blass in 1898, is a compound which binds oxygen to magnesium. It remains the best-known intestinal cleanser for the removal of impacted waste material from the linings of the large intestine. Nothing, other than mechanical extraction, compares in its power when used for such a purpose.

It is intended for short-term use only. Other oxygenating substances can be used afterwards to maintain stasis of the colon.

Be sure that any internal oxygenating substances used are not chlorine based (as many are), because these deplete iodine which is required for the normal function of the thyroid gland.

Always follow up cleansing with probiotics such as acidophilus/bifidus (as should also be done whenever taking antibiotics).²

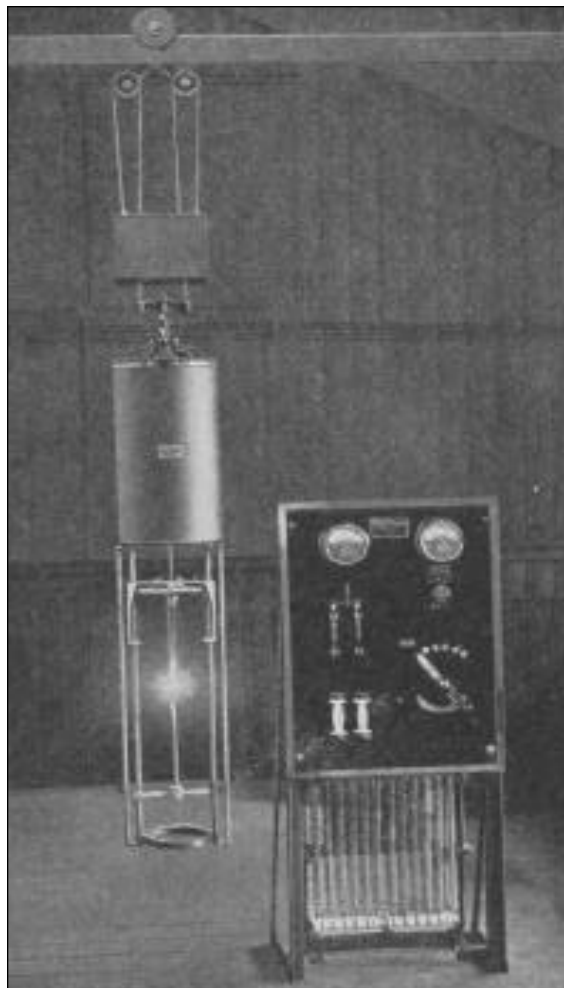
Death begins in the colon for reasons that should be obvious, yet very few people properly address

this critical issue of personal hygiene, even though doing so would likely reduce the illness rate of the entire population by perhaps 85 per cent or more.

Such knowledge, if discovered and practised by the average citizen, would have serious impact on the economic structure of the medical industry—which is why, should you ask a doctor for advice on the concept of colon cleansing, the answer you will get will be discouraging.

Doctors are trained to respond in this manner, as they were told in medical school how to avoid questions that would place the profession in a dim light, which is where it should be.

The last thing capitalistic medicine desires is to deliver true health; if it did, this would result in a tremendous loss of customers.



Operational carbon arc lamp.

(Source: E. H. Russell and W. K. Russell, *Ultra-Violet Radiation and Actinotherapy*, E. & S. Livingstone, Edinburgh, 1925)

Herbal intestinal cleanses of numerous varieties based upon known purgatives are quite effective in eliminating most parasites, but the mighty tapeworm often escapes total destruction from almost any form of herbal or chemical assault upon it.

However, the tapeworm cannot survive mechanical fracture when exposed to the high energy levels of full-spectrum vibratory light. The energy impinged at close proximity to the loci of the electric carbon arc is so great that the animal simply breaks apart throughout the entire length of its body within 30 seconds of such intense light exposure.

THE CARBON ARC LAMP

The energy band of the carbon arc electric lamp ranges from the heat-producing invisible infrared end of the light spectrum through the invisible ultraviolet, to wavelengths as short as 180 nanometres, which remain below the spectral band of the dangerous energy emitted by X-rays. Thus the radiation exposures from the electric carbon arc lamp are not ionising as are X-rays and thus constitute no danger to the user, other than perhaps erythemas (skin burns) produced by overexposure to the intense energy-laden light or conjunctivitis if one gazes into its alluring flame.

A simple and inexpensive electric carbon arc treatment lamp can be constructed for under US\$20. When used with proper precautions, it is safe and extremely effective. Carbon rods can be obtained by sawing in half D-sized battery cells; or, better still, longer copper-clad rods can be purchased from any welding supply store.

Carbon-arc-cutting carbons are popular with hobby welders who cannot afford the more expensive plasma cutters or hydraulic shears.

All that is required to create an arc illumination set-up is a pair of bricks with ventilation holes, a 12-gauge, 10- to 15-foot, heavy-duty extension cord, large alligator clips, and a resistive load such as an electric space heater, steam iron, hot plate, deep-fryer or electric skillet and, of course, a pair of carbon rods.

A ground fault interrupter (GFI) is highly recommended, though, as the exposed carbons represent a shock hazard if accidentally touched.

Assembly

Take a single-sided razor blade and pinch it off on a corner of the razor blade with a haemostat (or vice grip) so that the cutting edge extends below the jaws at a depth slightly less than the thickness of the insulation jacket. At a point about one foot from the socket end of the cord, slit the jacket for a length of about three feet and separate the wires from the jacket by cutting off the slit insulation material. At the mid-point of the white wire (or blue if European colour-coding is used), cut and strip the ends by half an inch to one inch and attach (preferably solder) the wires to each alligator clip.

The appliance which is to be used as the ballast load may or may not contain the third grounding pin. Such a device is desirable, as it offers a little more safety to an otherwise dangerous configuration, but

Items required:

- One 10- to 15-foot, 12-gauge extension cord with or without the third green grounding wire or three-pin plug and socket. Ungrounded two-wire cords may be used.
- Two alligator clips, medium sized so that the jaws will clamp around the carbon rods (e.g., Radio Shack #270-0344 at US\$2.59 a pair).
- One electrical heating appliance such as an electric space heater, steam iron, skillet, deep-fryer, waffle iron, etc. This will become the series-connected ballast load that will limit the current draw from the short circuit load that will occur when the arc is started or struck and will regulate current flow when illuminating.
- Two bricks with ventilation holes.
- Two carbon rods, as can be found at any welding supply store. A pair of D-sized batteries can be cut lengthwise and the carbon removed, but this is messy and hardly worth the effort.

Tools required:

- Insulated handle screwdriver
- Wire stripper
- Haemostat (vice grip)
- Single-edge razor blade
- Insulating carpet, newspapers, auto floor mats, etc.
- Table surface (for which heat discolouration and hot spatter damage is not an issue)
- Tennis shoes
- Rubber gloves
- Soldering gun/iron with radio solder (optional)
- Large 'C' clamp or furniture clamp

is not a necessity. Ungrounded appliances may be used for the ballast load.

Plug the appliance into the socket of the modified extension cord and operate its controls to maximum normal operation.

Because of the extreme danger of potentially fatal electric shocks as well as fire hazards, the physical location chosen for the treatment should be carefully considered. The carbon rods will spatter slightly during operation, and the small, hot, spark particles can easily start a fire or drop onto the surface below,



*"We tracked your petrol consumption problem.
There was a seven-metre-long tapeworm in your fuel injector."*

either burning it or discolouring it, so I would recommend setting up the rig in a basement or garage. Be sure that smoke detectors are not in the vicinity of your activity, as the smoke from the carbon fire may set them off with potentially dire consequences, especially if you do this in a commercial building with an automatic fire suppression system.

The concrete floor often found in these locations is dangerous because, whether or not it is dry, it offers an electrical ground return that can contribute greatly to the risk of electric shock; so it is imperative that the electrical supply circuit contain a GFI as is presently required under the US National Electrical Code. Older homes, however, are not under such a requirement until they are sold, in which case the seller is often required to bring house wiring up to current code levels prior to the sale of the home. Make sure that the outlet you select is so protected. It's also a good idea to have a companion present to assist you in the event of an accident.

Configuration and Treatment Process

Place the set-up on an insulated table so that the area below the navel will receive most of the irradiation exposure. Place a damp cloth or some object that will not be harmed by the flame or spatter from the carbon rods under the two bricks.

The bricks should face each other. Insert the carbon rods through the holes in the bricks and align the carbons so that the ends touch each other.

A large 'C' clamp or furniture clamp placed on the brick surface opposite the tips of the arc rods will allow you to adjust the space between the electrodes in order to maintain the flame as the carbons burn away. Clamp the alligator-clipped leads onto the ends of the carbon rods as far away as possible from the point where they come together, and then separate the rods to about 1/16th inch from each other.

By exposing oneself to the vibratory illuminative energy of the carbon arc lamp, many disease pathogens may be destroyed without harming adjacent healthy tissues.

Except for wearing tennis shoes and rubber gloves, stand naked on an insulating surface—such as several layers of old carpet, newspapers or the floor mats out of your car—so that you are protected from the floor. Make sure that any insulating material you select is completely dry; any moisture, whether obvious or not, constitutes a shock hazard.

Be sure that the power switch of the ballast appliance is on; if it has a rotary control, it should be set at maximum setting. Again, be sure to wear rubber gloves on your hands for added safety. Insert the power plug into a service outlet that is GFI protected.

Using an insulated screwdriver, draw the business end of the screwdriver across the gap between the rods so as to strike the arc. It is unnecessary to wear eye protection of any kind as the ultraviolet rays, contrary to popular belief, are beneficial to the eyes, although you do not want to look directly at the flame. Prolonged exposure will result in non-harmful but uncomfortable conjunctivitis which will disappear within a few days with no permanent harm to the mechanism of the eyes. The harmful rays of the shorter,

ultraviolet rays are absorbed within the eye so that the rods and cones are not damaged by such exposures.

Place your belly within four to six inches of the locus of the flame, and slowly rotate and squat slightly so that the entire abdomen is evenly exposed to the light. Stop the exposure after about 30 seconds or so by moving away from the flame and then unplugging the power plug from the service outlet. Without periodic adjustment of the spacing between the carbon rods, the arc will remain lit for a period of about 45 seconds or so, which is adequate for a single exposure.

Depending upon your particular bowel transfer time, results can be felt as a very dull discomfort that may tend to move in your abdomen. Within six to twelve hours, the body of the

worm(s) will pass in the form of diarrhoea. The waste is often blue or green, which is excess bile being dumped by the liver and gall bladder. This is not the colour of the worm but the colour of your bile that didn't have time to process the waste which normally would change colour during the elimination process, which then is reddish-brown in colour. Future stool discharges may appear a light tan to almost white for a few days. Don't panic, as the bile creation will resume and the stool will again become its normal colour.

Should any gallstones have been present, it is probable that they disintegrated during the treatment and were painlessly passed without your knowledge. The use of an alternative liver and gall bladder cleanse method would be desirable at the time of exposure to ensure better and more complete elimination of these potentially problematic entities.³



Promotional postcard from a doctor in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, circa 1927, featuring a patient in traction being treated with light.

Bile is made from spent red blood cells (bilirubin) in the liver and is stored in the gall bladder. Its purpose is to mix with the waste products of metabolism, providing a protein source for decomposition of the excretory material. It is the bile that gives faeces its reddish-brown colour. When stored in the gall bladder, its colour is a yellow-greenish to almost a blue colour. It is highly alkaline and contains a lot of cholesterol. When inadequately secreted, bile is responsible for the formation of gallstones. Persons who are anaemic should not attempt to use the carbon arc on themselves because a significant amount of bile is discharged after an exposure to the powerful rays. I do not know for sure that this may be a problem, but it is better to err on the side of safety.

Rapid expulsion of bile potentially may create additional demand on the body to produce greater quantities of red blood cells which, in the case of someone with anaemia, may not be possible. If you don't know if you are anaemic, donate blood and you will find out for free!

Because the worm(s) may have laid eggs, new life may form after the adult worm has been eliminated. Simply repeat the process about once per week for at least a month so that the majority of parasites receive exposure at some point in their life-cycle, which tends to be about 28 days or so. Avoid eating pork products, as they tend to be highly infested with a range of parasites. High-temperature cooking tends not to destroy these organisms when in their spore form.

Always examine your stool carefully. If you see any foreign matter such as what appears to be small chunks of undigested peanuts or dry shards of what appears to be onion skin, you have parasites. Rectal itch indicates pin worms. Watch for black patches, as these possibly indicate bleeding in the

intestinal linings which may be indicative of cancer. Red blood in the stool can be detected with "at-home" Hemocult cancer tests that involve placing special papers in the toilet and watching for colour changes which indicate blood being present. Obvious red blood is not necessarily serious, although it is a good idea to have this checked out. Black patches should be of grave concern, and should be examined immediately by a doctor. However, if the intestines are properly maintained through periodic cleansing, these deadly cancers will seldom develop. Men and women alike are affected by this condition, and age has little to do with it.

UNIQUE CHARACTERISTICS OF DISEASED CELLS

Diseased cells differ from healthy ones in that they always form crystals in their outer coatings. These crystals, being solids, all have a unique resonant frequency which, when excited by an in-phase coordinating oscillation, tend to shake violently—which will often result in envelope fracture and, subsequently, break-up.

Because the carbon arc is so powerful and contains the entire 49th octave of energy, there is likely to be an harmonic of some frequency that will resonate with the solid crystal formations within diseased cells of many varieties. So it is conceivable that by exposing oneself to the vibratory illuminative energy of the carbon arc lamp, many disease pathogens may be destroyed without harming adjacent healthy tissues (which are soft and pliable, having no solid crystal formations of their own). This action would resemble the Lakhovsky effect, although the frequency band is obviously different, the energy being in the light spectrum rather than being an harmonic of some radio frequency.⁴

Author's Notes:

- The author makes no claims either expressed or implied that the information as presented is accurate or complete and does not warrant the fitness of the information for any purpose. The information is not intended to be medical advice; nor is any treatment method recommended or discouraged. This writing is for informational purposes only. Readers are advised to seek qualified professional help from authorised practitioners prior to any use of the information contained herein.

- The author welcomes feedback from people about the experiences they are having with this amazing technology from yesteryear, effects on cancer tumours being of special interest. Reported experiences will be incorporated in future releases of this document. Comments can be emailed to the author via the website <http://www.kootiekiller.us>.

About the Author:

Carmi B. Hazen is an amateur medical researcher and investigative journalist with an interest in energy medicine. For the last five years or so he has been collecting

medical books dating from the late 1800s through to the mid-1930s. At that time, pharmaceuticals were far less prolific than they are today, and energy treatment methods were well established and in common use in many medical offices.

Carmi has a museum of sorts, containing numerous electrical and light apparatus that were commonly found in medical offices, mostly in the London, England, area. Much of his research has been in recreating the Rife machine energy technology. He has found a way to cure the common cold with a form of charged oxygen gas therapy; it devitalises or kills some viruses *in vivo*. He discovered the carbon arc method of intestinal parasite elimination by his own experimentation.

Carmi Hazen is the author of an e-book titled *What They Didn't Teach Your Doctor In Medical School* and re-published a classic medical book from 1913 titled *Cancer: Its Cause And Treatment Without Operation* by Robert Bell, MD; see <http://www.lulu.com/comdyne>.

He can be contacted via his website, <http://www.kootiekiller.us>.

Endnotes

1. See <http://www.soilandhealth.org/02/0201hyglibcat/020155fielder/fielder-sunbath.htm>.

2. See <http://www.healthsprings.net/Products/homozon.htm>.

3. See <http://curezone.com/cleanse/liver/default.asp>.

4. To learn more about the Lakhovsky effect, go to: <http://www.altered-states.net/barry/newsletter174/>, or http://www.zephyrtechnology.com/Multi-Wave_Oscillator/body_multi-wave_oscillator_.html.

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